## Updates

David Kapukchyan

**Cold QCD Meeting** 

November 15, 2016

### Recap/Review

- Goal is to study how the flux return thickness will affect the energy resolution of the forward calorimeters
- Ran Simulations with 30 GeV pions( $\pi^-$ ) with  $\eta = 2$ .
- Collected 100,000 entries
- Started by looking only at histograms of the reconstructed energy from the calorimeters and tried some fits to this data
- The fits were non Gaussian at the thickness of interest (10.2 cm)
- Next step was to look at the energy deposited in flux return itself and/or other places the energy can go

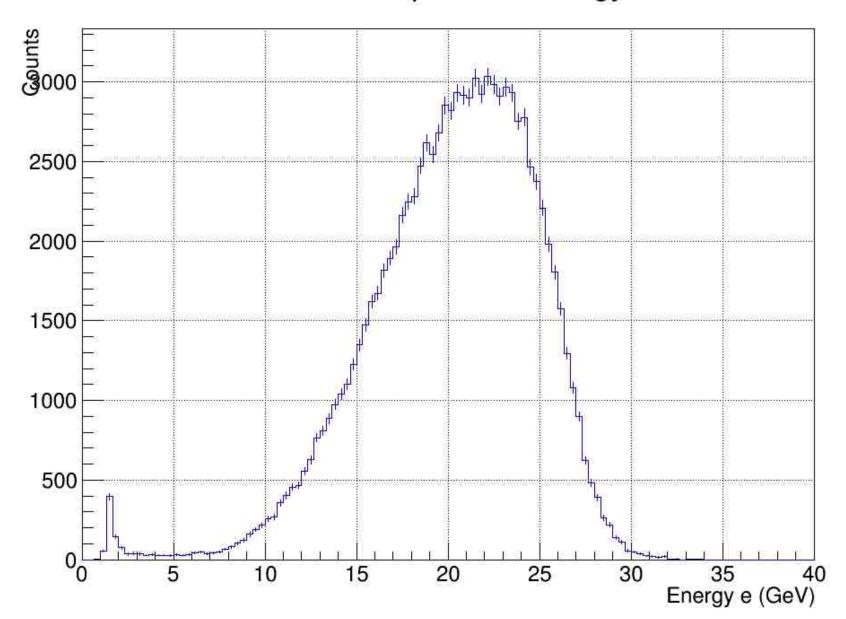
# The Incorporated Energies from different sources in Flux Return Study

- Incorported the following energies
  - "e": Energy absorbed by the Calorimeters
  - "e\_FR\_p": Energy absorbed by the forward flux return, i.e. η>0
  - "e\_FR\_m": Energy absorbed by the negative flux return, i.e  $\eta$ <0
  - "e\_BH1": Energy deposited in into the black hole in the  $\eta$ =0?
  - "e\_BH\_p": Energy deposited into the black hole in the forward region
  - "e\_BH\_m": Energy deposited into the black hole in the negative region
  - "e\_sum": Total energy from all 6 sources above
- Made plots of all seven energies for multiple thicknesses
- Plots can be found in the following slides

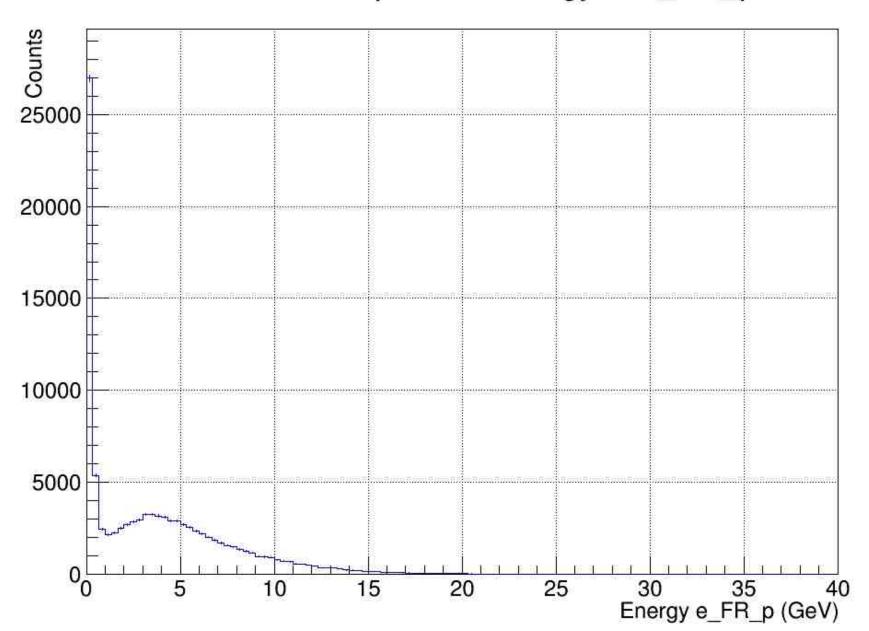
### 10.2 cm Thickness Plots

All histograms have 100,000 entries

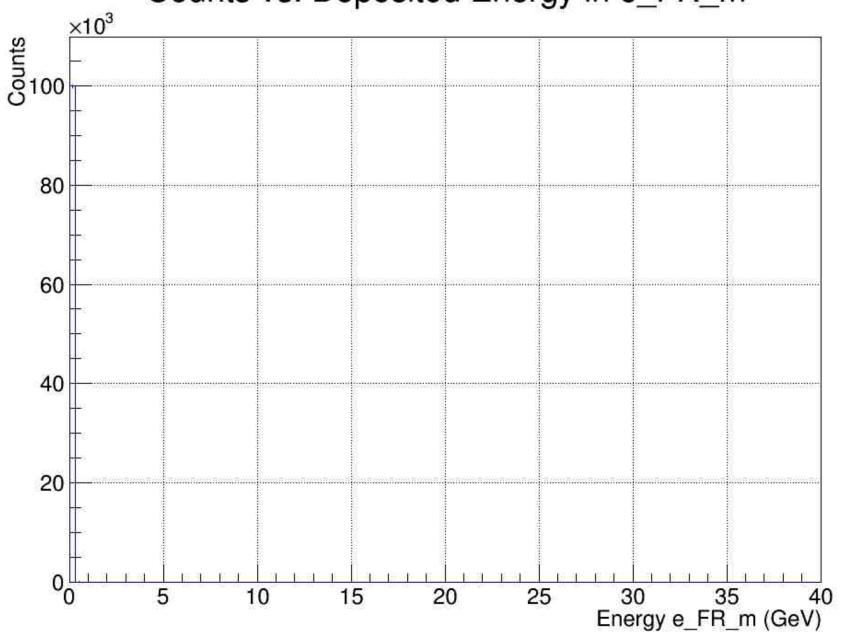
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_FR\_p



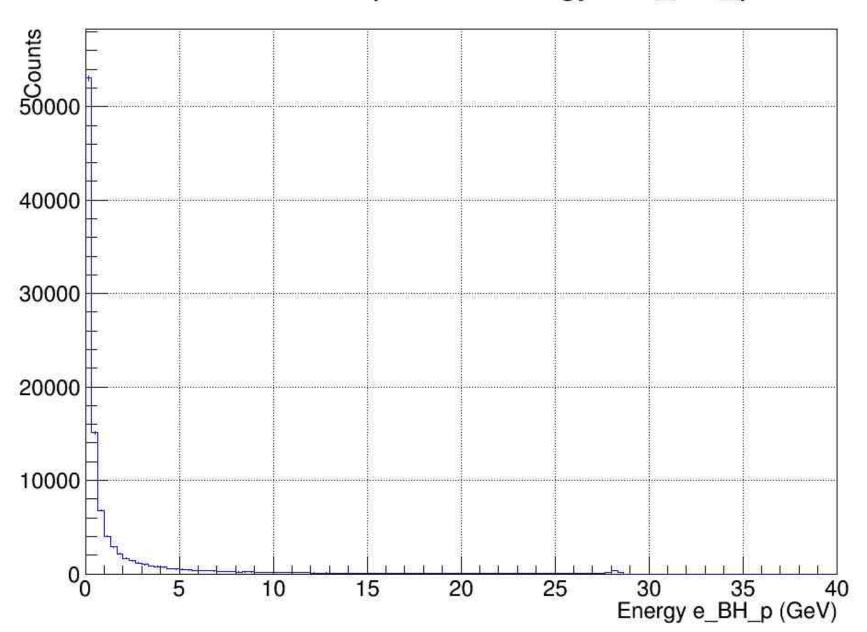
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_FR\_m



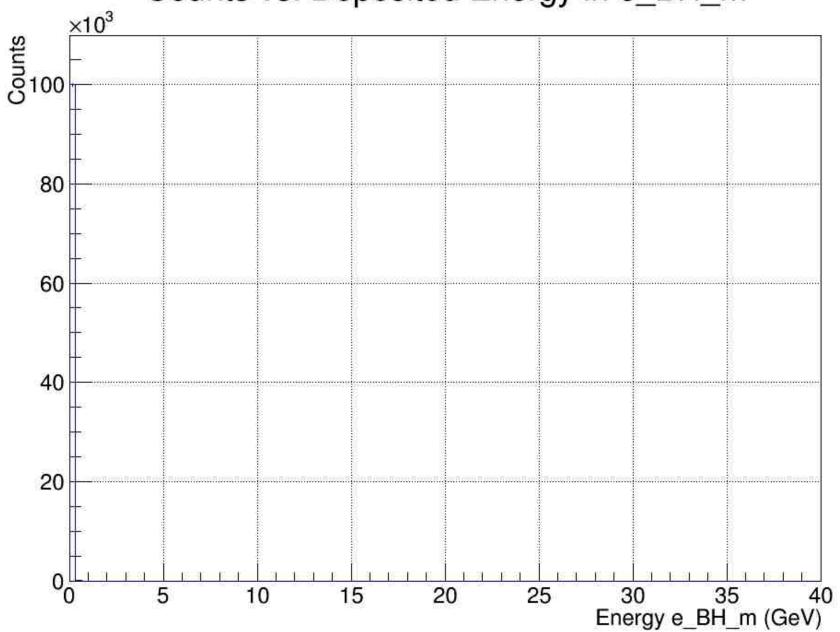
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH1



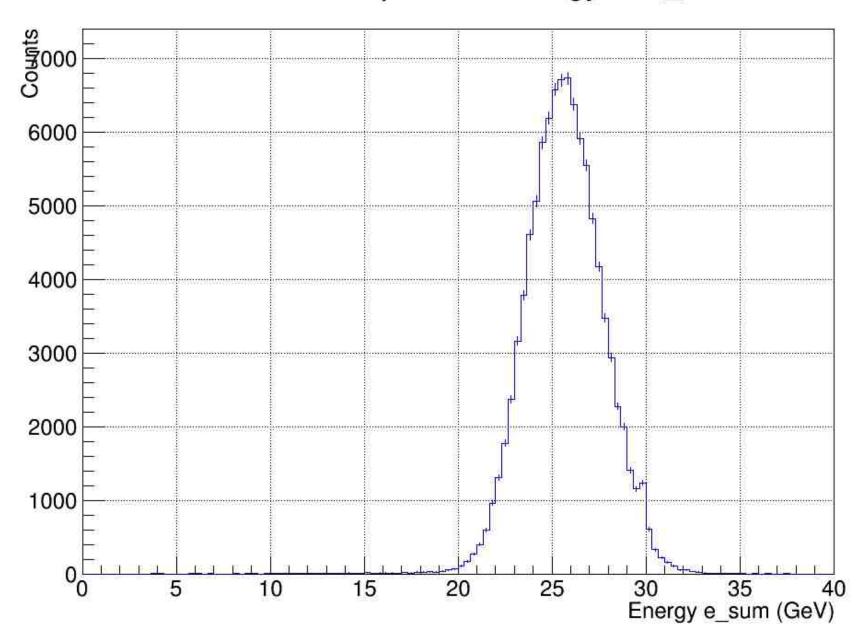
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH\_p



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH\_m



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_sum



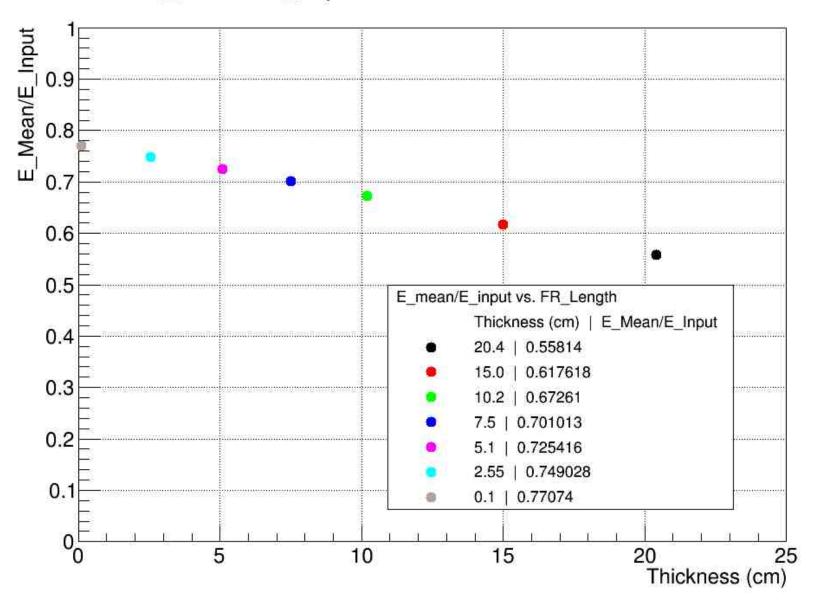
### Observations

- Mostly behaving as expected
- The  $\eta$  < 0 is zero or almost zero as expected
- Black holes absorb very little energy compared to the Calorimeters and Flux Returns

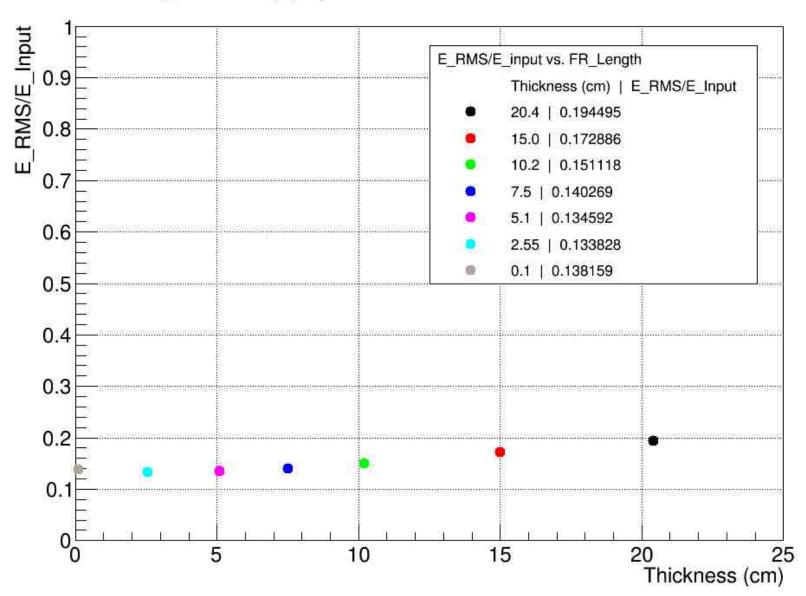
# Using this result to Characterize the Flux Return

- Next step is to make plots of E/E\_input vs. Flux Return Thickness
  - The E will be the mean of the histogram for the energies from the calorimeters, Flux Return, etc.
  - E\_input will be the initial energy of the incoming pion
- Idea is to see whether the resolution of the Calorimeters exceed that of the Flux Return
- So far only did it for 30 GeV pions

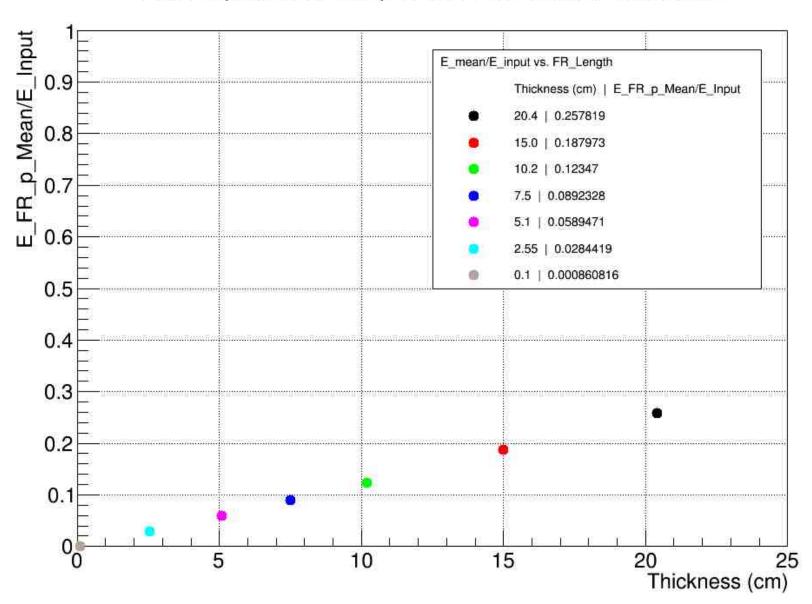
#### E\_Mean/E\_Input vs. Flux Return Thickness



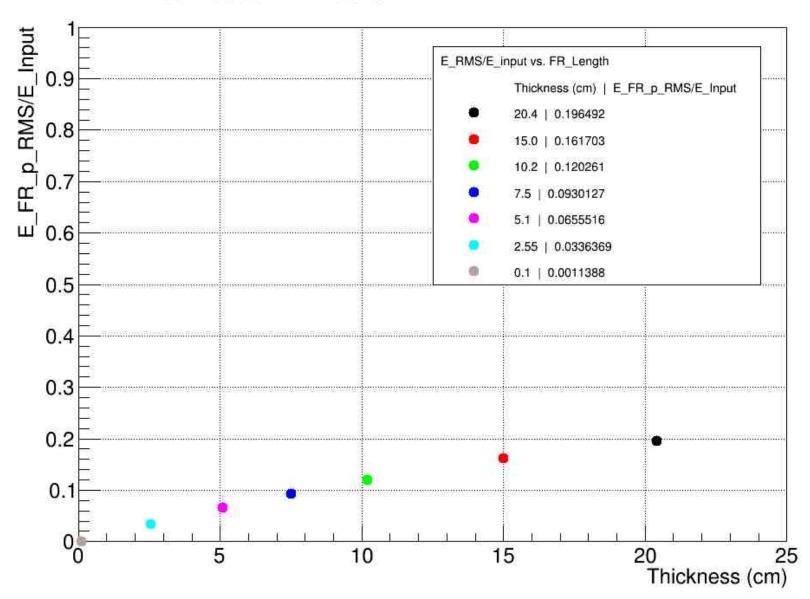
#### E\_RMS/E\_Input vs. Flux Return Thickness



#### E\_FR\_p\_Mean/E\_Input vs. Flux Return Thickness



#### E\_FR\_p\_RMS/E\_Input vs. Flux Return Thickness



### Conclusions/Goals

- Energies deposited in the various materials are behaving as expected
- The mean energy in the calorimeters are decreasing and the RMS is increasing with respect to thickness as expected
- The mean energy and RMS are increasing with thickness as expected since the more material the larger the amount of energy deposited
- Will continue to run simulations for pions at different energies.
- Begin to characterize these results to how how flux return is affecting the energy resolution

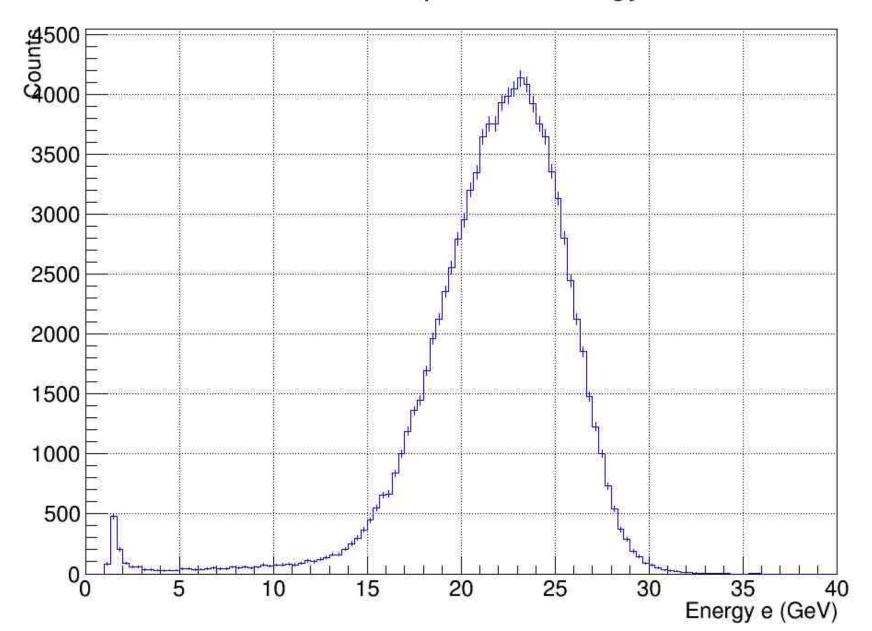
## Backup Slides

Contain the other thickness values

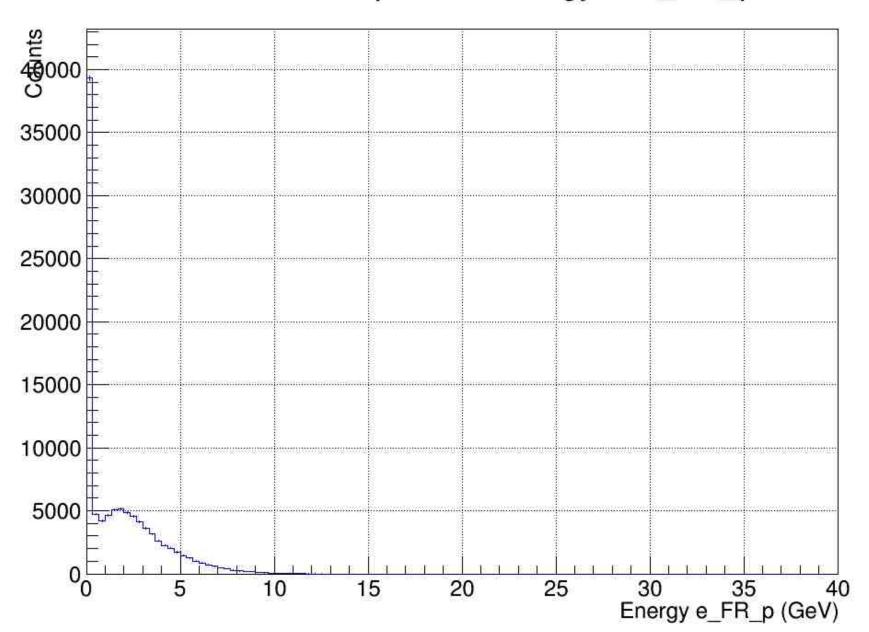
More can be requested if needed

### 5.1 cm Thickness

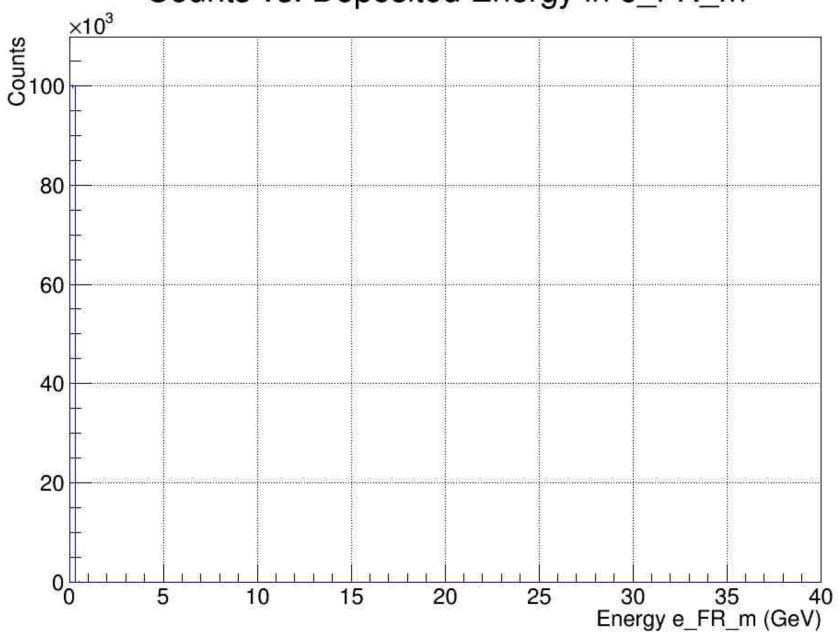
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e



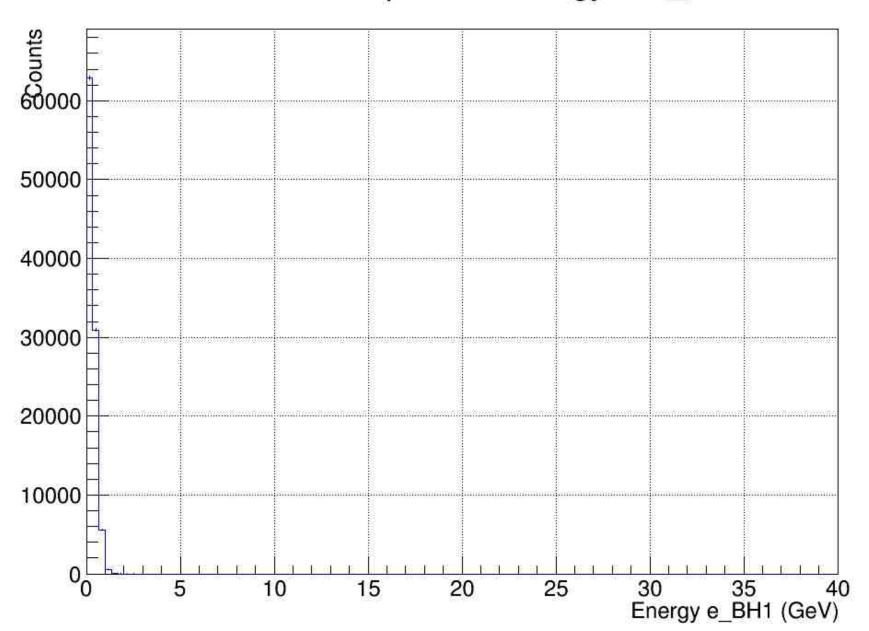
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_FR\_p



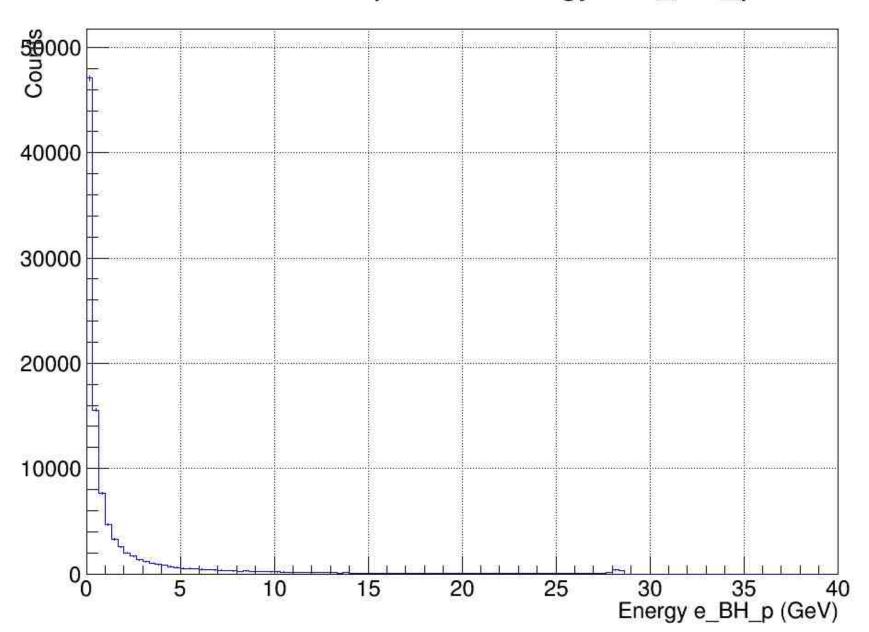
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_FR\_m



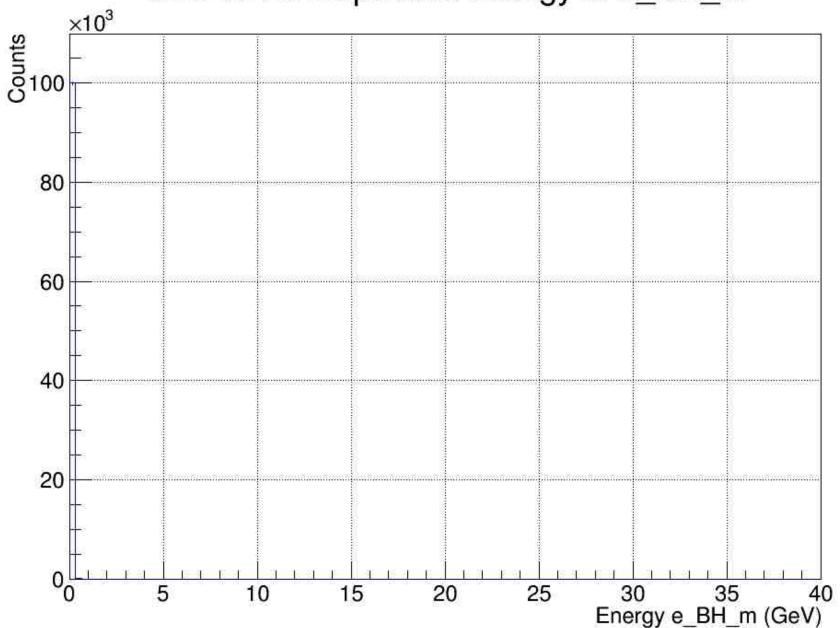
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH1



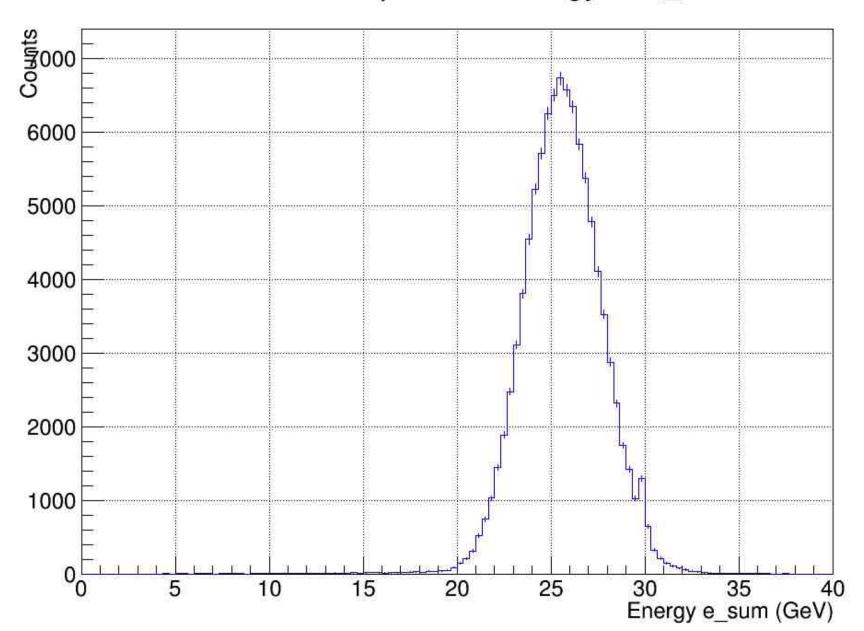
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH\_p



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH\_m

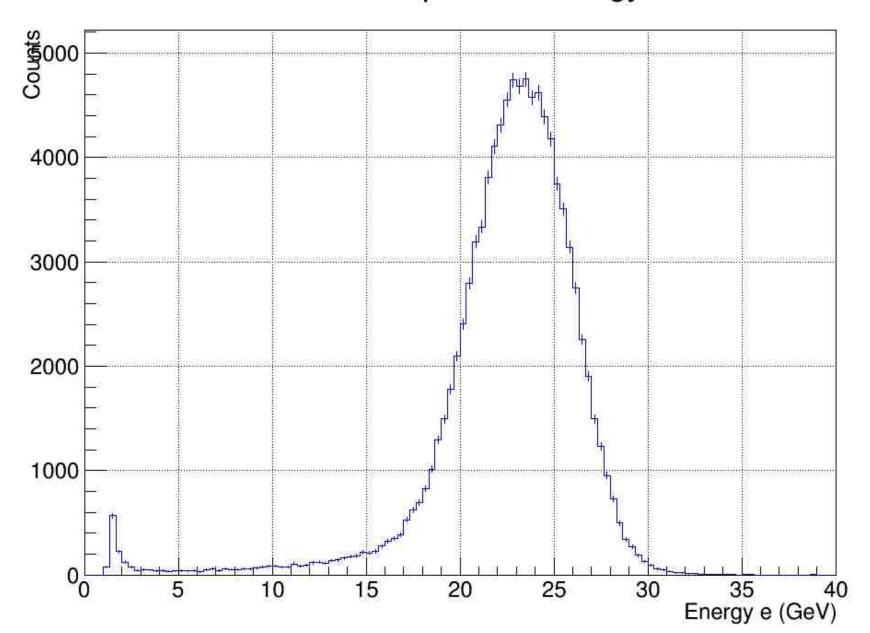


### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_sum

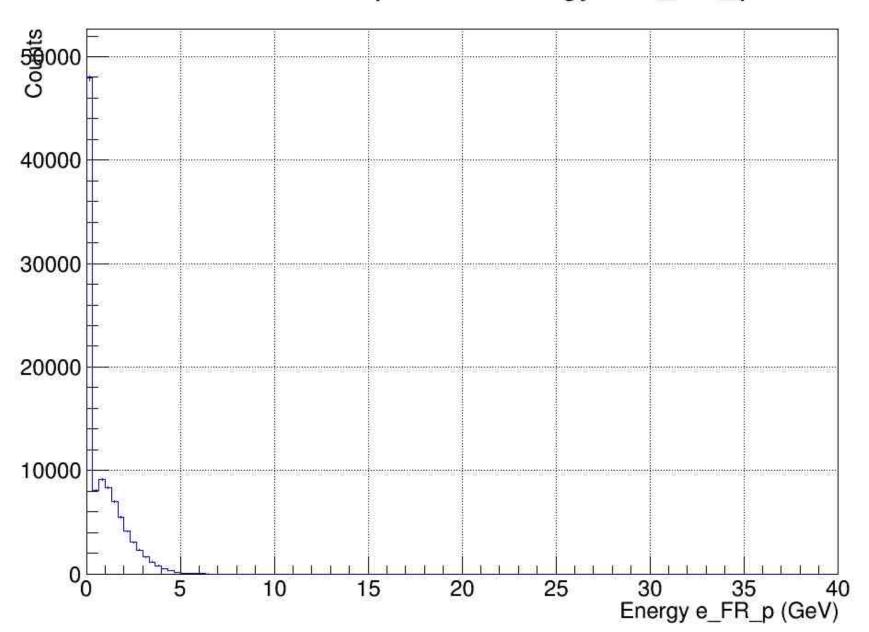


### 2.55 cm

### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e



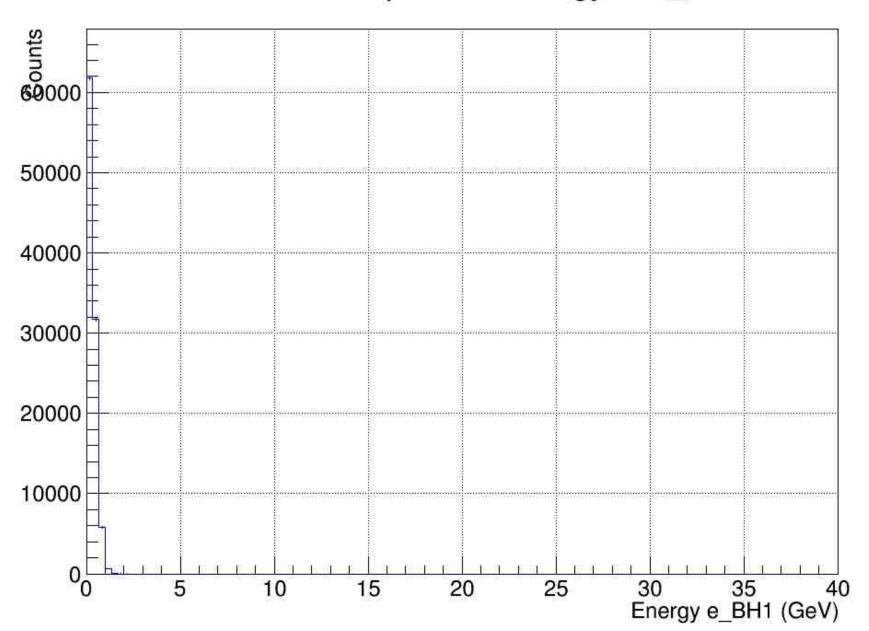
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_FR\_p



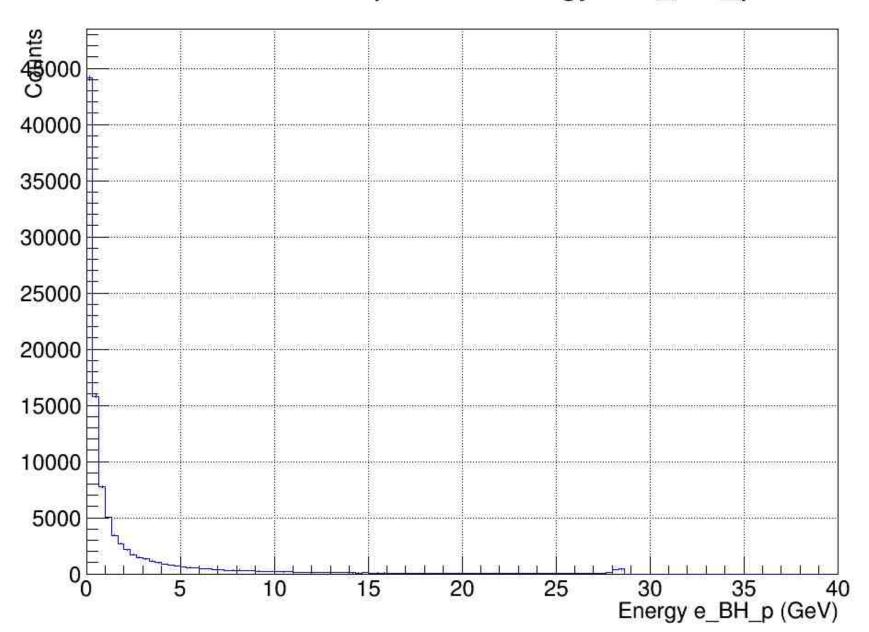
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_FR\_m



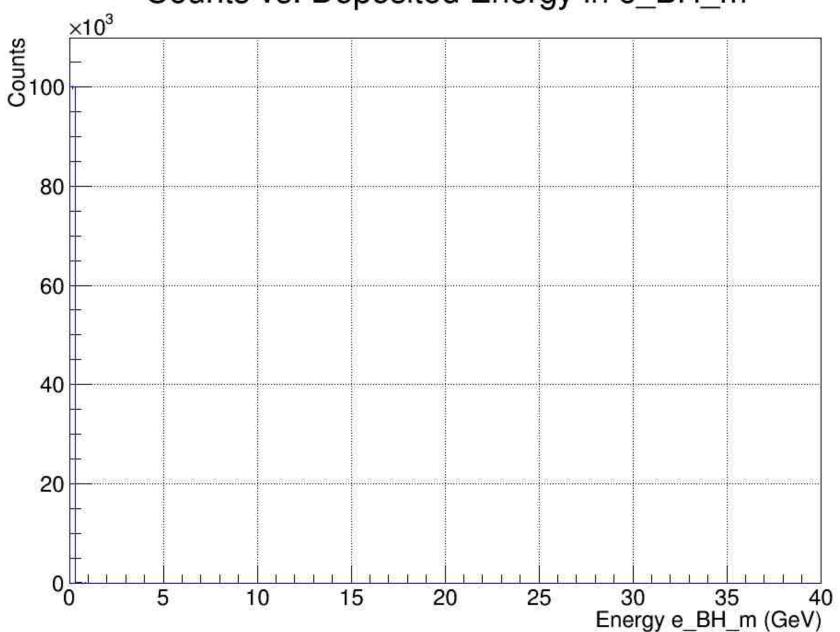
### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH1



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH\_p



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_BH\_m



### Counts vs. Deposited Energy in e\_sum

